

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830 - United Kingdom (UK).

Version: 01

Revision: 19.05.2016 (Previous revision None) Print date: 19.05.2016

1. SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking;

1.1 Product Identifier;

Product use

Product Name	Basecoat Ready Mixed Colour – Sapphire Black 20R
Product Code:	0637
Product Synonyms	
R olovant identified	uses of the substance or mirture and uses advised again

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against;

Professional use only. Spray application.

Use of the Substance/mixture Coloured coating.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet;

Churchill Paints Ltd

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS sales@churchill-paints.co.uk

1.4 Emergency Telephone Number:

+44(0) 1260 290 666 (office hours only)

2. SECTION 2: Hazards identification;

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture;

Product definition Mixture

Classification In accordance with the Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Physical hazards Flam. Liq. 3, H226



Health hazards

Skin Irrit. 2, H315 STOT SE 3, H336

Environmental hazards

Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended. See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word	Warning
Hazard statements	 H226 – Flammable liquid and vapour. H315 - Causes skin irritation. H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements

Prevention	sources. Nosmokin	from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition ng. ctive gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
Response	clothing. Rinse ski P304+P340 IF INI breathing.	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated in with water/shower. HALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for use of fire: Use foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog to
Storage	P403+P233 - Store	e in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	P501 - Dispose of	contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.
Hazardous Ingredients	n-butyl acetate. Sc 1-butanol. 1-metho	olvent naphtha (Petroleum) light arom. < 0.1% EC 200-753-7, oxy-2-propanol.
Supplemental label elements	EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.



Annex XVII – Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles. Not applicable

2.3. *Other hazards* **PBT:** This product is not identified as a PBT/vPvB substance.

3. SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Mixture

3.2 Mixtures

REACH Registration Number	Chemical name	% by wt.	CAS No.	EC No. (EINEC S)	Index No.	Classification Regulation (EC) No.1272/2008 [CLP]
01-2119485493-29	n-Butyl Acetate Butyl ethanoate	≥25 - <50	123-86-4	204-658-1	607-025-00-1	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066
01-2119488216-32	Xylene (mixture of isomers)	≥5 - <10	1330-20-7	215-535-7	601-022-00-9	Acute Tox. 4, H312+H332 Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315
01-2119486773-24	Solvent naphtha (Petroleum), light arom. < 0.1% EC 200- 753-7	≥2.5 - <5	64742-95-6	265-199-0	649-356-00-4	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411
01-2119489370-35	Ethyl benzene	≥1 - <2.5	100-41-4	202-849-4	601-023-00-4	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373
01-2119475108-36	2- butoxyethanol	≥1 - <2.5	111-76-2	203-905-0	603-014-00-1	Acute Tox. 4, H302+312+332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319



01-2119457435-35	1-methoxy-2- propanol	≥0.25 - <0.5	107-98-2	203-539-1	603-064-00-3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336
01-2119433307-44	Methanol	< 0.2	67-56-1	200-659-6	603-001-00-X	Flam. Liq. 2, H225; Acute Tox. 3, H331; Acute Tox. 3, H311; Acute Tox. 3, H301; STOT SE 1, H370

The Full Text for all Hazard Statements on this SDS is displayed in Section 16.

4. SECTION 4: First aid measures 4.1. Description of first aid measures Eye contact Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention. Inhalation If spray/mist has been inhaled, proceed as follows. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If breathing stops,

	provide artificial respiration. Get medical attention immediately.
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. In serious cases see a doctor. If the product causes burns or freezing, clothing should not
	be removed as this could worsen the injury caused if it is stuck to the skin. If blisters
	form on the skin, these should never be burst as this will increase the risk of
	infection.

Ingestion	If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label.
	Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Protection of	
first-aiders	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it
	is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask
	or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing
	aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly
	with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	Overexposure to organic solvents may depress the central nervous system, causing dizziness and intoxication and, at very high concentrations, unconsciousness and death.
Skin contact	Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.
Ingestion	No known significant effects or critical hazards.



<u>Over-exposure</u> signs/symptoms	
Eye contact	No specific data.
Inhalation	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
Ingestion	No specific data.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician	In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Immediate / special treatment:	No specific treatment.

5. SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

5.2.

Suitable extinguishing media	Extinguish with foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet.
Special hazards arisi	ing from the substance or mixture
Hazards from the Mixture	Flammable liquid and vapour. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Run-off to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.
Hazardous combustion products	Decomposition products may include the following materials:



Carbon dioxide Carbon monoxide

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during firefighting	Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Use water to keep fire-exposed containers cool and disperse vapours. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear protective clothing to prevent contact with skin and eyes.
Special protective equipment for	
fire-fighters	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

6. SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency	
Personnel	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
	Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from
	entering. Isolate leaks providing there is no additional risk to those performing this
	task. Personal protection equipment must be used to avoid direct contact with the
	spillage. Shut off all ignition sources. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide
	adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate.
For emergency	
responders	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any
	information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the
	information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

6.4.



BASECOAT READY MIXED COLOUR – Sapphire Black 20R

Small spill	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.
Special provisions	Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Place in a suitable container. The contaminated area should be cleaned immediately with a suitable decontaminant. One possible (flammable) decontaminant comprises (by volume): water (45 parts), ethanol or isopropyl alcohol (50 parts) and concentrated (d: 0,880) ammonia solution (5 parts). A non-flammable alternative is sodium carbonate (5 parts) and water (95 parts). Add the same decontaminant to the remnants and let stand for several days until no further reaction in an unsealed container. Once this stage is reached, close container and dispose of according to local regulations (see section 13). Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.
Reference to	
other sections	See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
	See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
	See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

7. SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition



source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by earthing and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions Storage temperature: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Coating.

8. SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

8.1. Control parameters

Occupati	onal exposu	re limits to be mo	nitored in the	work environm	ent
Ingredient name:	Comment (from EH40)	Time-weighted average – 8 hrs (TWA).		Short-term exposure limits – 15min (STELs)	
	LII40)	ppm.	mg/m ³	ppm.	mg/m ³
n-Butyl Acetate Butyl ethanoate		150	724	200	966
Xylene (mixture of isomers)	Sk	50	220	100	441
Solvent naphtha (Petroleum), light arom. < 0.1% EC 200-753-7		No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available
Ethyl benzene	Sk	100	441	125	552
2-butoxyethanol	Sk	25	123	50	246



1-methoxy-2-propanol	Sk	100	375	150	563
Methanol	Sk	200	266	250	333

Comments are from HSE Guidance Note EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (WELs)

 \mathbf{Sk} - Can be absorbed through skin

DNELs (Workers)

Ingredient name:	Exposure	Short term		Long term	
		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local
	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
n-Butyl Acetate Butyl ethanoate	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
·	Inhalation	960 mg/m ³	960 mg/m ^{3}	480 mg/m ^{3}	480 mg/m ^{3}
	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
Xylene (mixture of isomers)	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	180 mg/kg	Non-applicable
	Inhalation	289 mg/m ³	289 mg/m ^{3}	77 mg/m ³	Non-applicable
Solvent naphtha (Petroleum), light arom. < 0.1% EC 200- 753-7	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
	Inhalation	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
Ethyl benzene	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	180 mg/kg	Non-applicable
	Inhalation	Non-applicable	293 mg/m ³	77 mg/m ³	Non-applicable



	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
2-butoxyethanol	Dermal	89 mg/kg	Non-applicable	75 mg/kg	Non-applicable
	Inhalation	663 mg/m ³	246 mg/m ³	98 mg/m ³	Non-applicable
	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	50.6 mg/kg	Non-applicable
	Inhalation	Non-applicable	553.5 mg/m ³	369 mg/m ³	Non-applicable
	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
Methanol	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	6.83 mg/kg	Non-applicable
	Inhalation	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	12.05 mg/m ³	Non-applicable

DNELs (General Population)

Ingredient name:	Exposure	Short term		Long term	
		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local
n-Butyl Acetate Butyl ethanoate	Oral Dermal Inhalation	Non-applicable Non-applicable 859.7 mg/m ³	Non-applicable Non-applicable 859.7 mg/m ³	Non-applicable Non-applicable 102.34 mg/m ³	Non-applicable Non-applicable 102.34 mg/m ³
Xylene (mixture of isomers)	Oral Dermal Inhalation	Non-applicable Non-applicable Non-applicable	Non-applicable Non-applicable Non-applicable	1.6 mg/kg 108 mg/kg 14.8 mg/m ³	Non-applicable Non-applicable Non-applicable



Ethyl benzene	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	1.6 mg/kg	Non-applicable
	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
	Inhalation	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	15 mg/m ³	Non-applicable
2-butoxyethanol	Oral	13.4 mg/kg	Non-applicable	3.2 mg/kg	Non-applicable
	Dermal	44.5 mg/kg	Non-applicable	38 mg/kg	Non-applicable
	Inhalation	426 mg/m ^{3}	123 mg/m ³	49 mg/m ³	Non-applicable
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	3.3 mg/kg	Non-applicable
	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	18.1 mg/kg	Non-applicable
	Inhalation	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	43.9 mg/m ³	Non-applicable
Methanol	Oral Dermal Inhalation	Non-applicable Non-applicable Non-applicable	Non-applicable Non-applicable Non-applicable	6.87 mg/Kg bw/day 3.42 mg/Kg bw/day 2.97 mg/m ³	Non-applicable Non-applicable Non-applicable

PNEC

Ingredient name:	Environmental sphere	PNEC value
n-Butyl Acetate Butyl ethanoate	Fresh water Marine water Fresh water sediment Marine water sediment Sewage Treatment Soil	0.18 mg/L 0.018 mg/L 0.981 mg/kg 0.0981 mg/kg 35.6 mg/L 0.0903 mg/kg



	Fresh water	0.327 mg/L
	Marine water	0.327 mg/L
Xylene (mixture of isomers)	Fresh water sediment	12.46 mg/kg
	Marine water sediment	12.46 mg/kg
	Sewage Treatment	6.58 mg/L
	Soil	2.31 mg/kg
	Fresh water	0.1 mg/L
	Marine water	0.01 mg/L
	Fresh water sediment	13.7 mg/kg
Ethyl benzene	Marine water sediment	1.37 mg/kg
	Sewage Treatment	9.6 mg/L
	Soil	2.68 mg/kg
	Fresh water	8.8 mg/L
	Marine water	0.88 mg/L
	Fresh water sediment	34.6 mg/kg
2-butoxyethanol	Marine water sediment	No data available
	Sewage Treatment	463 mg/L
	Soil	3.13 mg/kg
	Fresh water	10 mg/L
	Marine water	1 mg/L
	Fresh water sediment	52.3 mg/kg
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Marine water sediment	5.2 mg/kg
	Sewage Treatment	100 mg/L
	Soil	5.49 mg/kg
	Fresh water	154 mg/L
	Marine water	15.4 mg/L
Mathemal	Fresh water sediment	570.4 mg/kg
Methanol	Marine water sediment	No data available
	Sewage Treatment	100 mg/L
	Soil	23.5 mg/kg
	1	



8.2 Exposure controls:

Appropriate engineering controls

Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

8.3 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

Hygiene measures Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. The following protection should be worn: Chemical splash goggles.



Skin protection

For hands, chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer that can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material.

For body, Personal protective equipment should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved.

For feet. appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved.







Respiratory Protection

When spraying, use air-fed respirator. Gas/vapour filter, type A: organic vapours (EN141). Self-contained breathing apparatus must be available in case of emergency.

Environmental exposure



controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

9. SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

A	
<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical State	Liquid
Colour	Black
Odour	Characteristic
Odour threshold	Not available
pH	Not available
Melting point	Not available
Freezing point	Not available
Initial boiling point	131°C
Boiling range	Not available
Flash point	24 - 26°C
Evaporation rate	Not available
Flammability	
(solid, gas)	Not available
Upper/lower	
Flammability or	
Explosive limits	Not available
Vapour pressure	1146 Pa @ 20°C
Vapour density	Not available
Relative density	Not available
Solubility(ies)	Not available
Partition coefficient	
n-octanol/water	Not available
Auto-ignition	
temperature	238°C
Decomposition	
temperature	Not available
Viscosity	Not available
Explosive properties	Not available
Oxidising properties	Not available

10. SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity:

No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical Stability:



This product is stable.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

In a fire, hazardous decomposition products may be produced.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis and strong acids.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and smoke.

11. SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Ingredient name:	Acute toxicity test	Species	Dose	Exposure
n-Butyl Acetate Butyl ethanoate	Oral – LD ₅₀ Dermal – LD ₅₀ Inhalation – LC ₅₀	Rat Rabbit Rat	>10700 mg/kg 17600 mg/kg >21 mg/L	4 hrs
Xylene (mixture of isomers)	Oral – LD ₅₀ Dermal – LD ₅₀ Inhalation – LC ₅₀	Rat Rabbit Rat	>3500 mg/kg >4200 mg/kg >20 mg/L	4 hrs
Solvent naphtha (Petroleum), light arom. < 0.1% EC 200- 753-7	$Oral - LD_{50}$ $Dermal - LD_{50}$ $Inhalation - LC_{50}$	Rat Rabbit	2100 mg/kg 2000 mg/kg Non-applicable	
Ethyl benzene	Oral – LD ₅₀ Dermal – LD ₅₀ Inhalation – LC ₅₀	Rat Rabbit Rat	3500 mg/kg 15354 mg/kg 17.2 mg/L	4 hrs



2-butoxyethanol	Oral – LD ₅₀ Dermal – LD ₅₀ Inhalation – LC ₅₀	Rat Rat Rat	500 mg/kg 1100 mg/kg 11 mg/L	4 hrs
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Oral – LD ₅₀ Dermal – LD ₅₀ Inhalation – LC ₅₀		>2000 mg/kg >2000 mg/kg Non-applicable	
Methanol	Oral – LD ₅₀ Dermal – LD ₅₀ Inhalation – LC ₅₀	Rat Rabbit Rat	100 mg/kg 300 mg/kg 3 mg/L	4 hrs

Skin corrosion/ irritation	Ingestion – Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, however, it does contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3. Inhalation – Causes irritation in respiratory passages, which is normally reversible and limited to the upper respiratory passages.
Serious eye damage/irritation	Based on available Data, the classification criteria are not met. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for the effects mentioned. For more information see section 3. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Germ cell mutagenicity	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for the effects mentioned. For more information see section 3.
Carcinogenicity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for the effects mentioned. For more information see section 3.
Reproductive toxicity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.



Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Exposure in high concentrations can cause a breakdown in the central nervous system causing headache, dizziness, vertigo, nausea, vomiting, confusion and in serious cases, loss of concentration.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, however, it does contain substances classified as dangerous with repeated exposure. For more information see section 3.
Aspiration hazard	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, however it does contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

12. SECTION 12: Ecological Information

12.1. Toxicity

Ingredient name:	Acute toxicity test	Genus - Species	Dose	Exposure
	<i>LC</i> ₅₀	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill)	100 mg/L	96 hrs
n-Butyl Acetate	<i>EC</i> ₅₀	Daphnia magna (Water flea)	44 mg/L	48 hrs
Butyl ethanoate	<i>EC</i> ₅₀	Algae – Desmodesmus subspicatus (Scenedesmus subspicatus)	674.7 mg/L	72 hrs
	LC_{50}	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	13.5 mg/L	96 hrs
Xylene (mixture of isomers)	<i>EC</i> ₅₀	Crustacean - Gammarus lacustris	0.6 mg/L	96 hrs
	<i>EC</i> ₅₀	Algae – Skeletonema costatum	10 mg/L	72 hrs
Solvent naphtha	<i>LC</i> ₅₀	Fish -	1 - 10 mg/L	96 hrs
(Petroleum), light arom. < 0.1% EC 200-	<i>EC</i> ₅₀	Crustacean -	1- 10 mg/L	
753-7	<i>EC</i> ₅₀	Algae –	1 - 10 mg/L	



	<i>LC</i> ₅₀	Fish – Pimephales promelas	42.3 mg/L	96 hrs
Ethyl benzene	<i>EC</i> ₅₀	Crustacean – Daphnia magna	75 mg/L	48 hrs
	<i>EC</i> ₅₀	Algae – Chlorella vulgaris	63 mg/L	3 hrs
	<i>LC</i> ₅₀	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill)	1490 mg/L	96 hrs
2-butoxyethanol	<i>EC</i> ₅₀	Daphnia magna (Water flea)	1815 mg/L	48 hrs
	<i>EC</i> ₅₀	Algae – Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata	911 mg/L	72 hrs
	<i>LC</i> ₅₀	Fish – Pimephales promelas	20800 mg/L	96 hrs
1-methoxy-2-propanol	<i>EC</i> ₅₀	Crustacean – Daphnia magna	23300 mg/L	48 hrs
	<i>EC</i> ₅₀	Algae – Selenastrum capricornutum	1000 mg/L	168 hrs
	<i>LC</i> ₅₀	Fish - Leopomis macrochirus:	15400 mg/L	96 hrs
Methanol	<i>EC</i> ₅₀	Crustacean - Daphnia magna (Water flea)	>10000 mg/L	48 hrs
	<i>EC</i> ₅₀	Algae – Selenastrum capricornutum:	22000 mg/L	96 hrs

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Ingredient name:	Concentration	Duration of test	% Biodegradability
n-Butyl Acetate Butyl ethanoate	3 mg/L	28 days	83
Xylene (mixture of isomers)			Readily biodegradable
Ethyl benzene	100 mg/L	14 days	90
2-butoxyethanol	100 mg/L	14 days	96
1-methoxy-2-propanol	100 mg/L	28 days	90
Methanol	100 mg/L	14 days	92



12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Ingredient name:	BCF	Log Pow	Potential
n-Butyl Acetate Butyl ethanoate	15.3	2.3	Low
Xylene (mixture of isomers)	9	2.77	Low
Solvent naphtha (Petroleum), light arom. < 0.1% EC 200-753-7		4	
Ethyl benzene	1	3.15	Low
2-butoxyethanol	3	0.83	Low
1-methoxy-2-propanol	3	-0.44	Low
Methanol	10	-0.77	Low

12.4. Mobility in soil

Ingredient name:	Koc	HLC (Henry's law constant)	Surface tension
n-Butyl Acetate Butyl ethanoate	< 70	41.6 Pa m³/mol @ 25°C	No data available
Xylene (mixture of isomers)	202	524.9 Pa.m ³ /mol	No data available
Ethyl benzene	520	798.4 Pa.m ³ /mol 28590 N/m (250	
2-butoxyethanol	8	1.621E-1 Pa.m ³ /mol	27290 N/m (25C)
Methanol	9	0.461 Pa m³/mol @ 25°C	No data available

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This product is not identified as a PBT/vPvB substance.



12.6. Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

13. SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Disposal methods The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Classification of waste according to Commission Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014

European waste catalogue (EWC)

Waste code	Description
08 01 11*	Waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances.

Packaging

Waste code	Description
15 01 04	Metallic cans

14. SECTION 14: Transport information

		Land	Inland Waterways	Sea	Air
		ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	ICAO
14.1.	UN number	UN1263		UN1263	UN1263
14.2.	UN proper shipping name	Paint Related Material		Paint Related Material	Paint Related Material
14.3.	Transport hazard class(es)	3		3	3
14.4.	Packing group	III		ш	III



Environmental hazards Environmentally hazardous - Marine pollutant	No -	- No	No -
Special precautions for user			
Special regulations	163, 367, 640E, 650	163, 223, 944, 955	
Tunnel restriction code	D/E		
EmS codes		F-E, S-E	
Physico-chemical properties	See section 9	See section 9	See section 9
Limited quantities	5L	5L	
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code	Non- applicable	Non- applicable	Non-applicable

15. SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation.

None of the ingredients of this mixture are listed in Annex XIV.

Annex XVII – Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles.

Not applicable.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

16. SECTION 16: Other information

This safety data sheet conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830.

Abbreviations



and Acronyms	DNEL	-	Derived No Effect Level
	PNEC	-	Predicted No Effect Concentration
	EUH statement	-	CLP-specific Hazard statement
	ADR	-	European agreement concerning the international carriage
			of dangerous goods by road.
	IMDG	-	International maritime dangerous goods code.
	IATA	-	International Air Transport Association.
	ICAO	-	International Civil Aviation Organisation.
	BCF	-	Bio Concentration Factor
	LD_{50}	-	Lethal Dose 50
	LC_{50}	-	Lethal Concentration 50
	EC_{50}	-	Effective Concentration 50
	Log Pow	-	Octanol-water partition coefficient
	K_{oc}	-	Partition coefficient of organic carbon
	ATEi	-	Acute Toxicity Estimate of ingredient i.

Full Text of Physical Hazards

Physical Hazards H226 – Flammable liquid and vapour.

Full Text of	
Health Hazards	H315 - Causes skin irritation.
	H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Full Text of Environmental Hazards

H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full Text of CLP/GHS Classifications

Flam. Liq. 2	H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour
Flam. Liq. 3	H226	Flammable liquid and vapour
Acute Tox. 3	H301	Toxic if swallowed.
Acute Tox. 4	H302	Harmful if swallowed
Asp. Tox. 1	H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
Acute Tox. 3	H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
Acute Tox. 4	H312+H332	Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled
Skin Irrit. 2	H315	Causes skin irritation
Eye Irrit. 2,	H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
Acute Tox. 3,	H331	Toxic if inhaled
Acute Tox. 4	H332	Harmful if inhaled
STOT SE 3	H335	May cause respiratory irritation
STOT SE 3	H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
STOT Single 1,	H370	Causes damage to organs.
STOT RE 2	H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged
		or repeated exposure
Aquatic		
Chronic 2,	H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.



EUH066

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

About this Safety Data Sheet.

The United Nations developed a 'Globally Harmonised System' (GHS) on classification and labelling of chemicals and the CLP Regulation adopts this system across all European Union countries, including the UK.

'CLP' is the European Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures.

Churchill safety data sheets conform to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830 - United Kingdom (UK).

When changes are required to Safety Data Sheets, these will be highlighted in the subsequent revision with a red bar to the left hand side of the change.

Disclaimer

The information contained in this safety data sheet is based on the state of knowledge and national legislation at the time of the 'revision date' shown on page 1. Further updates to this safety data sheet, in line with changes to legislation and technical knowledge, will be available from Churchill Paints or the Churchill website. Contact Churchill Paints for the latest revision. This safety data sheet provides guidance on health, safety and environmental aspects of the product and should not be construed as any guarantee of technical performance or suitability for particular applications. It is the user's responsibility to ascertain the suitability of the product for a specific use. As the specific conditions-of-use of the product are outside the supplier's control, the user is responsible for ensuring that the requirements of relevant legislation are complied with.